

# The Unusual Rendering Pipeline of Sigils – Battle for Raios

**Dietmar Hauser**

Head of Console Technology  
Sproing Interactive Media GmbH



**GAME DEVELOPERS CONFERENCE™ EUROPE**  
CONGRESS-CENTRUM OST KOELNMESSE · COLOGNE, GERMANY  
AUGUST 11-13, 2014 · EXPO: AUGUST 11-12, 2014



# About „Sigils – Battle For Raios“

- Tablet only
- MOBA / RPG
- Realtime Multiplayer
- PvE and PvP
- Free To Play







# The Evolution of the Visual Style





## Champion Workflow

- Black Alligator -



sproing



- Sketches &amp; Adjustments -



- Color Options -



- Final Artwork -



- High Resolution Sculpt -



- Low Resolution Model -



- Added Rig and Animations -

- Rendered Frames with Stroke and FX Effects -



Sigil's





# A little history...





# About Mobile GPUs





# Mobile GPU Challenges

- Low fill rate
- High pixel count
- Tile-based deferred rendering
  - Complicates resource management
  - Render target switches are expensive
- OpenGL ES
  - Familiar, but not well suited

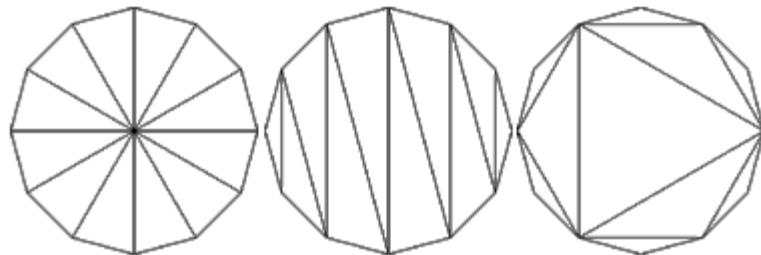






# Pre-rendered Sprites

- Reduce Overdraw
  - Quads are very wasteful
  - Find outline
    - Using a convex hull algorithm
- Tessellate smartly
  - “Greedy” algorithm
  - <http://www.humus.name>





# Pre-rendered Sprites

- Reducing Memory
  - Only one frame is needed at a time
  - “Memory to memory streaming”
  - Frequently used frames are cached
  - Compression algorithm is important
    - DEFLATE vs. LZ4



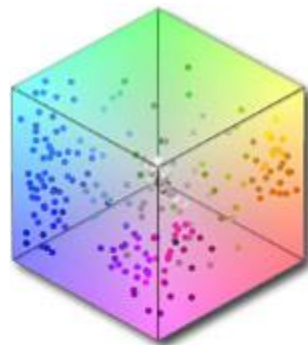
# Pre-rendered Sprites

- GPU Texture Compression
  - Reliably reduces texture size
  - Net performance gain (!)
  - Visible artefacts on 2D images
  - Fragmented on mobile devices
    - PVRTC vs. ETC vs. S3TC



# Pre-rendered Sprites

- Color Quantization
  - Split image
    - Index texture: I8
    - Palette texture: RGBA8
  - Reassemble in Pixel Shader
    - Sample with point filtering
    - Use as index to sample in palette
    - 4 times for linear filtering





# Pre-rendered Sprites

```
// read indices
float4 index = float4( tex2D(sourceTex, In.TexCoord0.xy).r,
                      tex2D(sourceTex, In.TexCoord0.zw).r,
                      tex2D(sourceTex, In.TexCoord1.xy).r,
                      tex2D(sourceTex, In.TexCoord1.zw).r);

// nudge indices to center of texel
index = index * (palettewidth-1.0f)/palettewidth + 0.5f/palettewidth;
// sample colors
float4 textureColor0 = tex2D(paletteTex, float2(index.x, paletteIndex));
float4 textureColor1 = tex2D(paletteTex, float2(index.y, paletteIndex));
float4 textureColor2 = tex2D(paletteTex, float2(index.z, paletteIndex));
float4 textureColor3 = tex2D(paletteTex, float2(index.w, paletteIndex));
// bilinear filtering
float2 lerps = frac(In.TexelPos);
float4 textureColor01 = lerp(textureColor0, textureColor1, lerps.x);
float4 textureColor23 = lerp(textureColor2, textureColor3, lerps.x);
float4 textureColor = lerp(textureColor01, textureColor23, lerps.y);
// and we're done
return textureColor;
```





# Pre-rendered Sprites

Original Image



Quantized





# Pre-rendered Sprites

- Dealing with Alpha
  - Reduces palette colors
  - Causes sporadic see through spots
- Separate it!
  - Index texture: IA8
  - Palette texture: RGBA8



# Pre-rendered Sprites

Original Image



Quantized + Alpha





# Pre-rendered Sprites

- Error Diffusion
  - Aka dithering
  - Many algorithms to choose from
  - Floyd-Steinberg seems most smooth



# Pre-rendered Sprites

Original Image



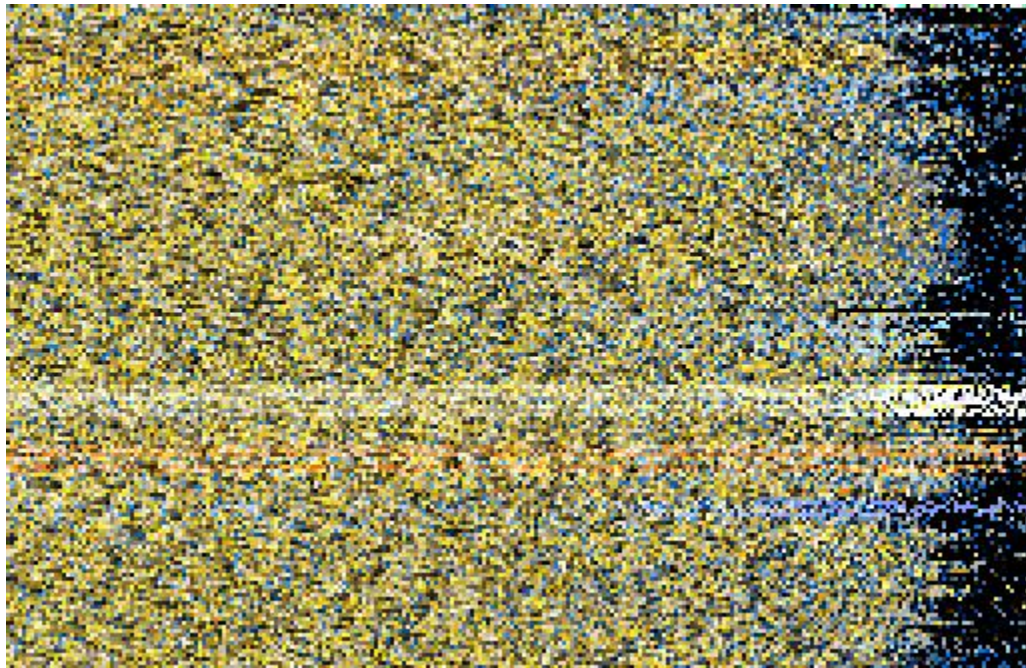
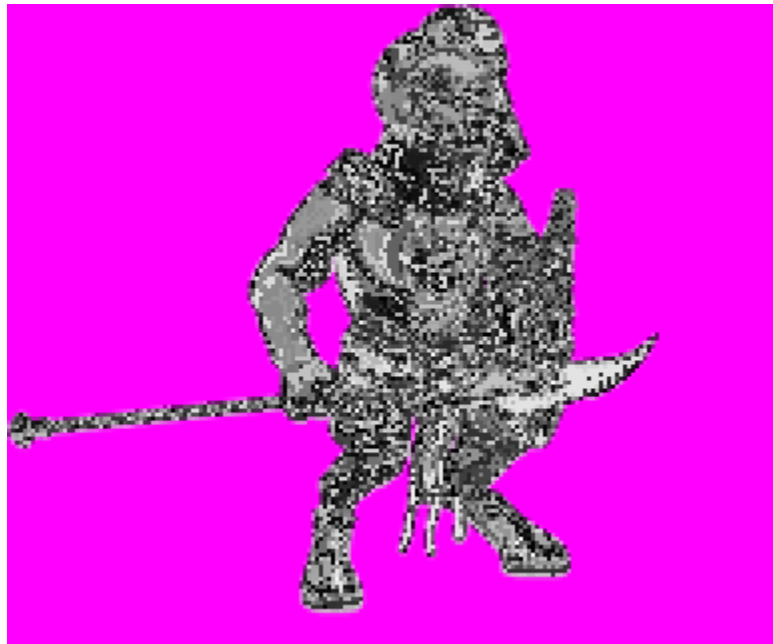
Final Image







# Pre-rendered Sprites





# Post Processing

- The traditional approach
  - Bloom to make things glow
  - Color Grading to make things moody
  - Vignette to soften the corners
  - Works everywhere, right?
  - Not quite...
    - ~30ms for post fx alone



# Post Processing

- Why so bad?
  - Low fill rate, high pixel count
  - Post FX are inherently full screen
  - Render target switching extremely costly
  - Zero benefits from tiled rendering



# Post Processing

- A simplified approach
  - Replace bloom with flares or particles
  - One pass for color correction
    - Scene is rendered to render target
    - Then composited into back buffer
  - Vignette on screen borders only
    - ~80% faster than full screen





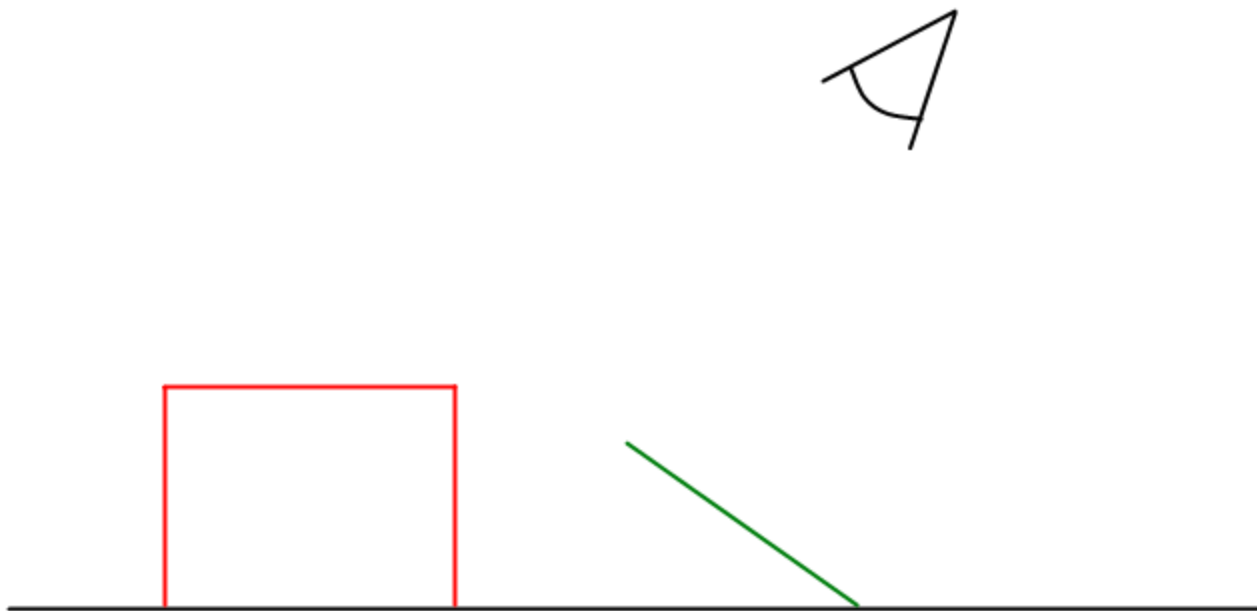


# Scene composition

- Combining 2D sprites with 3D objects
  - 2D sprites are sorted back to front
  - Doesn't work for 3D objects with depth
  - Use depth buffer instead
    - Render 3D object, write depth
    - Render 2D sprites, test depth
  - This leaves one issue...

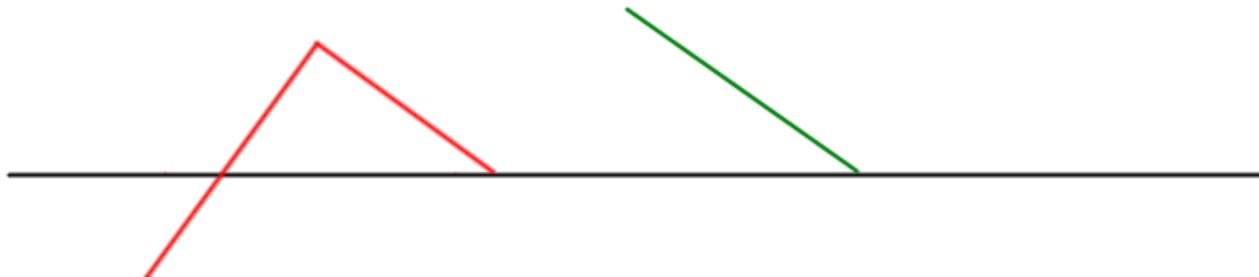


# Scene composition



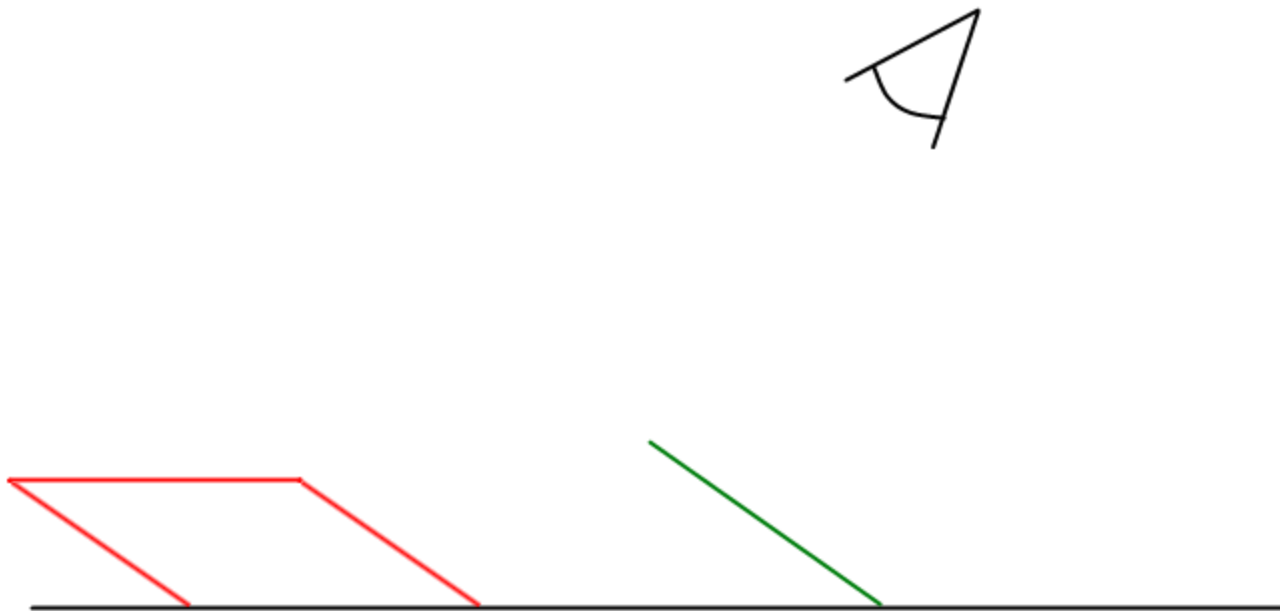


# Scene composition





# Scene composition

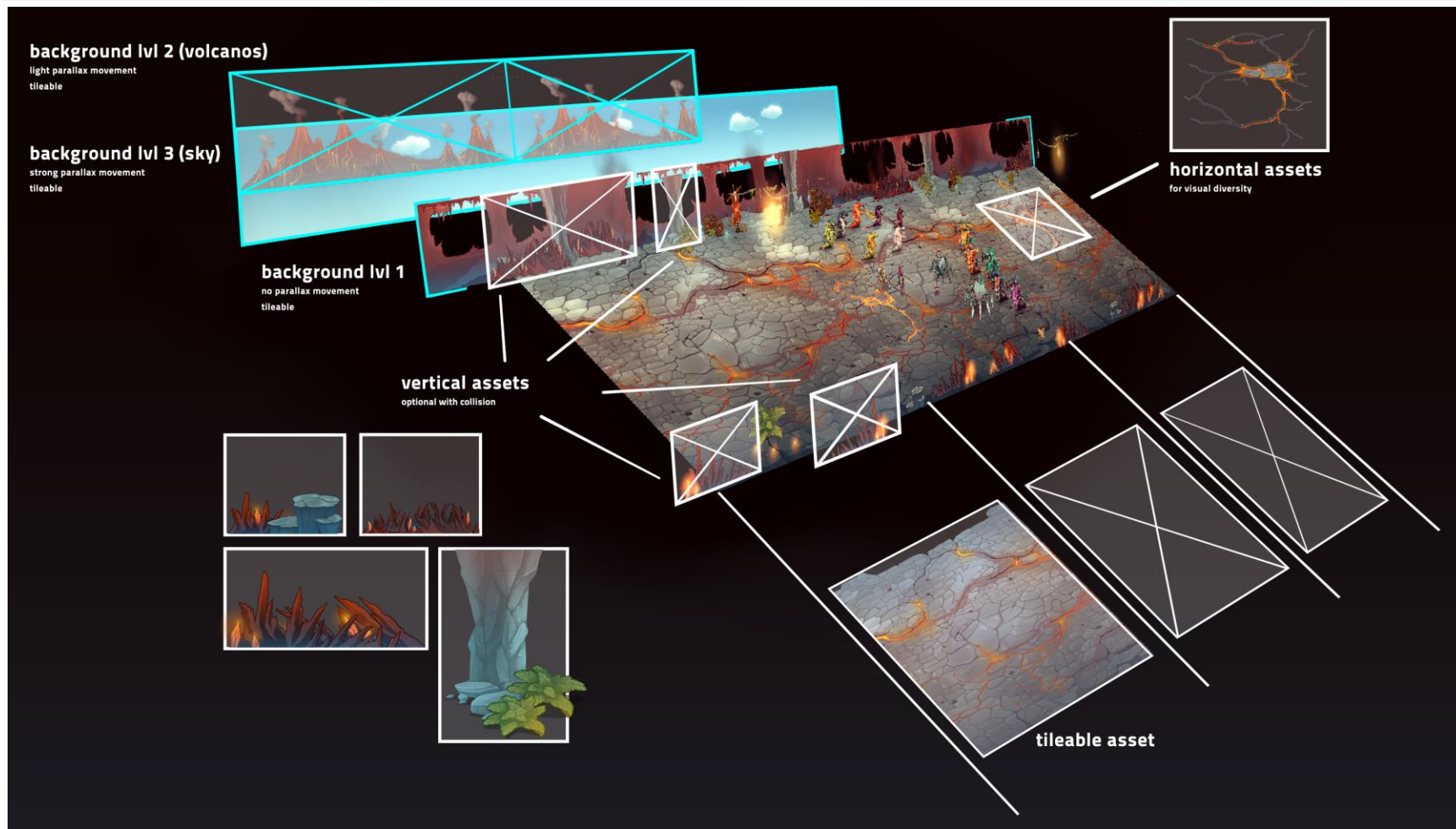




# Scene composition











# Coming Soon!

<http://en.sigils.gameforge.com>

dietmar.hauser@sproing.com  
@Rattenhirn

<http://www.sproing.com>

<http://fb.me/sproing>

@SproingGames

<http://www.gameforge.com>

<http://fb.me/gameforge>

@Gameforge

